



# PLANUM

The essence of a traditional material for today's architectural language

tile, available in several colors and finishes, it's a solution where aesthetical and functionality are combined to provide a versatile and stylish roof



	Application Standard	Requirements	PLANUM
Flexural Strength	EN 538	Resistance > 900N	Above
Water Impermeability	EN 539-1	Complies with level 1 (Method 1)	Above
Frost Resistance	EN 539-2	Level 3 Resistance (Method E)	Above
Geometric Characteristics	EN 1024	Flatness ≤ 1,5% Straightness ≤ 1,5%	Complies Complies





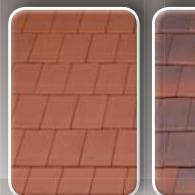








RED JASPEE RED LUCENTUM **BROWN** COCOA





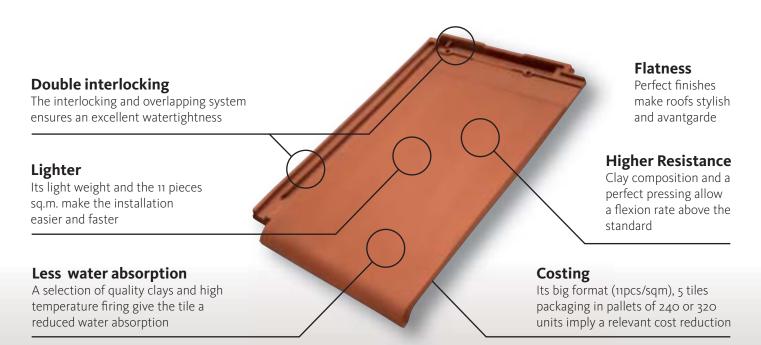




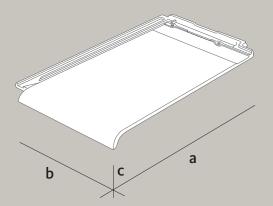




# Discover the New amazing Planum!!







# **PLANUM**

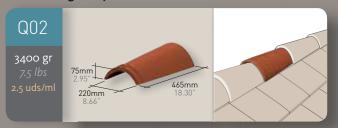
Dimensions*	<b>a:</b> 440 mm / 17.732"; <b>b:</b> 280 mm / 11"; <b>c:</b> 32 mm / 1.26"	
Pieces/m² - Pieces/sq	11 - 97	
Weight piece	3.5 kg / 7.7 lbs	
Longitudinal fit**	≈369 mm (± 7 mm) / 14.53" (±3")	
Transversal fit**	≈237 mm (+2 mm/-1 mm) / 9.33" (+0.08"; -0.04")	
Units per pallet	240 / 320	
Weight por pallet	840 kg / 1,120 kg - 1,852 lbs / 2,470 lbs	
Laying method	Broken bond	

<sup>\*</sup>The Tile dimensions indicated in this chart, allow a tolerance of approximately 2%.

# **ACCESSORIES**

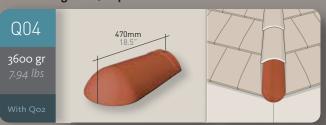
La Escandella offers a complete line of Planum accessories, available in any color to customize your roof.

#### Round ridge / Hip



### Round ridge end / Hip starter

\* 290mm



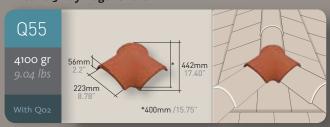
#### Round 3 way ridge



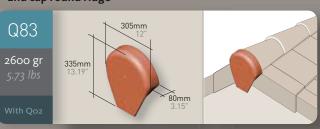
#### Round 4 way ridge



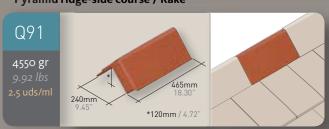
#### Round 3 way ridge female



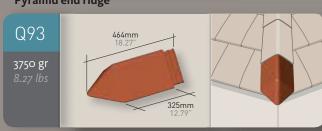
#### End cap round ridge



#### Pyramid ridge-side course / Rake



#### Pyramid end ridge



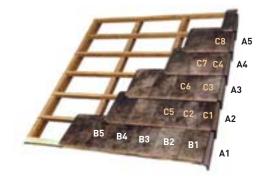
<sup>\*\*</sup>Theoretic value: this should be re-calculated on site with the tiles that are to be used.



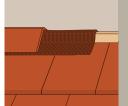
## LAID METHOD

Planum roof tile can be laid on a continuous frame, which has to be completely flat in order to ensure the right laying of tiles and their fixing components (to avoid water-leaking); or on a discontinuous frame or battens, which will be fixed by building a batten counter batten deck or by fixing them directly to the frame. The laying of Planum roof tile is carried out by broken bond (also referred as cross bond) as follows:

- 1. The starter course will begin with the Planum right side course (Rake trim Q88) (A1) from the eave to the ridge (A1-A5...).
- 2. The starter course will begin with a full tile (B1). The tiles structuring the eave will have to overlap the side course and fit together one to another. The second course will be started with half tile -Q85- (C1) and will be laid to provide the proper vertical exposure. This exposure is continued through each successive course.
- 3. All joints of the second course and succeeding courses should be at the center line of the previous course, alternating half tiles Q85 (C1) and full tile at the start and at the end of each course.



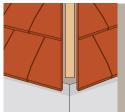
# **INSTALLATION DETAILS**



#### RIDGE

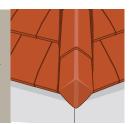
- -Apply "La Escandella Alu-Roll for ridges and hips" (or similar) along the centre line of the ridge batten and fasten to the ridge nailer.
- -Fix special ridge tiles with a minimum overlapping of 5 cm (1.97") on top of the tiles, placing them in opposite direction of the blowing winds.





#### HIP

- -Cut the general tiles closely to the hip timber and at the same relative angle.
- -Fix "La Escandella Alu-Roll for ridges and hips" and special pieces for hip as above mentioned for ridges.

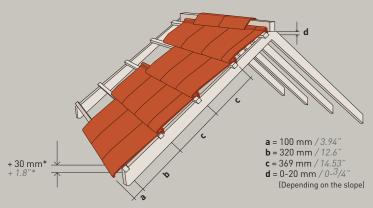




#### **VALLEY**

- -Install valley battens on each side of the valley crease. Apply "La Escandella" Alu-roll Valley (or similar) over the valley battens. Alu-roll must overlap the ridgeline and should be extended along the eaves to finish at least, as per minimum building codes requirements, above the outside wall.
- -At valleys, straight cut field tiles to allow a minimum 15 cm (6") open channel. Secure cut field tiles to the horizontal battens.

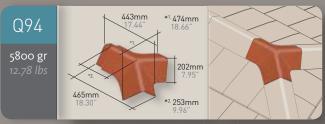




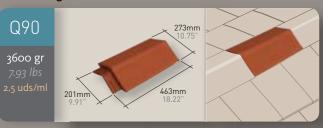
\*First course batten should be 30mm (1.18") higher than all succeeding course battens to provide a vertical alignment and to assure a symetrical installation.



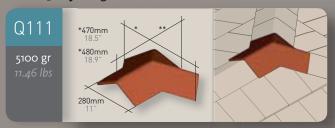
#### Pyramid triple ridge



#### Ática Ridge



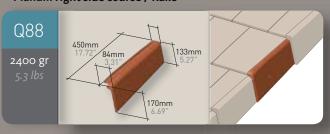
#### Atica 3 ways Ridge



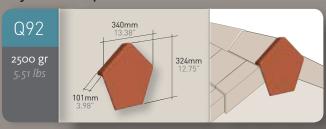
#### Planum ventilation roof tile



#### Planum right side course / Rake



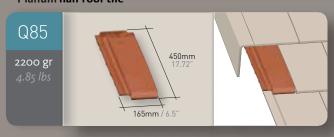
#### Pyramid end cap



#### Atica end ridge



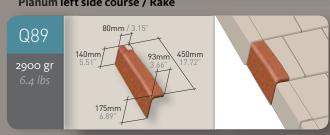
#### Planum half roof tile



#### Planum chimney / Pipe tile



#### Planum left side course / Rake



# **SLOPES / PITCHES**

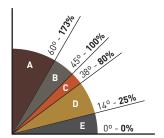
The minimum pitch standard recommendations should always be followed (see values in the referral table). On all pitches below the standard recommended minimums, or in regions where ice dams may occur, a waterproof underlayment on the entire deck MUST be applied. Most problems with water-shedding roof installations occur from water that migrates through the joints of the tiles through capillary action, wind-driven rain, and runoff or ice damming. Because of this possibility, the underlayment is critical to the success of the roof.

<b>PROTECTED LOCATIONS:</b> hollow area which is surrounded by hills that protect the hollow from the winds in all directions.		Hip < 6,5m < 21.32'	Hip 6,5m - 9,5m 21.32' - 31.16'	HIP 9,5m - 12m 31.16' - 39.37'
NORMAL LOCATIONS: Flat area, plateau with minimal elevation changes.		45% / 24,5°	50% / 26,5°	55% / 29°
<b>EXPOSED LOCATIONS:</b> Places open to strong winds, coastal areas (up to 5 km / 3 miles from the shoreline), islands or narrow peninsulas, estuaries or closed bays, narrow valleys, isolated mountains, mountain passes and earthquake zones.		50% / 26,5°	55% / 29°	65% / 33°
		65% / 33°	75% / 37°	85% / 40,5°

Note: For hips greater than 12m (39.4') long, a waterproof underlayment on the entire roof deck MUST be applied.

## **FASTENING METHODS**

The manner in which roof tiles are installed makes them a highly effective water shedding assembly that affords years of service and protection. The effectiveness of a tile roof system as a weather resistant assembly however depends on the proper installation of all the tile roof components, and installing them properly is critical to the performance of the installed system.



- A: Every tile should be securely fastened (Nailed, screwed, clipped...) (60° / 203/4:12).
- B: As a minimum, each tile in every five proportion, should be secured with (10 gauge) non-corrosive ring shank nails or screws (45° / 12:12).
- C: Each tile hangs on the batten (held by the nib) (38° / 10:12).
- D: Each tile hangs on the batten, held by the nib. When mortar is used, back bed and face point with color matched mortar. Clean off all excess mortar from the face of the tiles. For Foam Adhesive, refer to local building codes.
- E: La Escandella recommended minimum slope requirements is 25% (3:12).

### VENTILATION

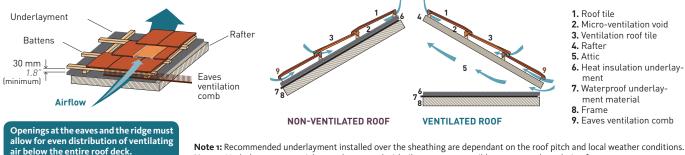
Ventilation is one of key elements to assure a good hygrothermal behavior of the roof and preservation of the roof structure. The key to a good and well preserved roof is a good ventilated roof. Proper installation of Ventilation tiles combined with ventilated roof can result in energy savings, in a more energy efficient home.

Air should be able to flow through the eave and ridge; be sure not to close these off with cement, mortar or similar. Eave and ridge areas should be protected to help minimize the access of birds and vermin infiltration.

A free flowing ventilation area must be provided through the roof deck. This ventilation should be evenly distributed throughout the roof space to eliminate any dead air space.

La Escandella recommends a minimum of 1 Planum ventilation tile (Q86) for every 7 m² (1.32 vent tiles per 100 sq ft.) and with a minimum of 2 ventilation tiles per roof surface, installed on the upper part of the roof.

Using a proper ventilation system is the best way to avoid moisture in a roof, that could cause peeling, cracking and other defects on the tile.



Note 2: Underlayment materials must be covered with tile as soon as possible to prevent degradation from exposure.

La Escandella warranty will be honored when installation is in strict accordance with local building codes, particularly to those referring to the ventilation of the deck and minimum slope requirements. Clay roof tiles should always be installed in full compliance with the local building codes and good tiling practice. For each country, please refer to local building codes.



# La Escandella

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Colour Shall be Harmonized but clay tiles are a natural product and some shade variations between individual pieces enhance their beauty and should be expected. All Tiles should be blended regardless of the number of colours supplied. Colours of the tiles shown in this catalogue can not faithfully reflect the colours of the ceramic tiles.

On their products, La Escandella has right to make changes in dimensions, fittings, weight & units per pallet, without previous notice. For more information, please contact your Sales Representative or our Customer Care Service.

This catalogue, printed in December 2013, replace the existing ones.